

Package ‘ACSdownload’

December 27, 2019

Title Obtain American Community Survey Summary File Data Tables from Census Bureau FTP Site

Description This R package helps you download and parse raw data from the Census Bureau American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files, providing demographic data at the block and tract levels of resolution. You can obtain data from the entire USA all at once using this package, for one or more tables. Typically the Census Bureau makes it easy to obtain data from one state at a time, not every block group in the US. There are roughly 220,000 block groups in the US, and around 74,000 tracts.

Some options for obtaining Census ACS data are listed here:

<http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data.html>

Other data sources that may be relevant include Census geodatabases

at <http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-data.html> and data at

<http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/gazetteer.html>

For any imported/suggested packages not on CRAN, see <http://ejanalysis.github.io>

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Suggests UScensus2010blocks,
analyze.stuff,
ejanalysis

URL <http://ejanalysis.github.io>, <https://github.com/ejanalysis/ACSdownload>, <http://www.ejanalysis.com/>

BugReports <https://github.com/ejanalysis/ACSdownload/issues>

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ACSDownload	<i>Obtain American Community Survey Summary File Data Tables from Census Bureau FTP Site</i>
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Description

This R package helps you download and parse raw data from the Census Bureau American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files, providing demographic data at the block and tract levels of resolution. You can obtain data from the entire USA all at once using this package, for one or more tables. Key function is `get.acs`, and also see `set.needed`, `nhgis`, and also see `data(lookup.acs)`

Details

Typically the Census Bureau makes it easy to obtain data from one state at a time, not every block group in the US. There are roughly 220,000 block groups in the US, and around 74,000 tracts. Several options for obtaining Census ACS data are now listed here:

<http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data.html>

Limits on downloads via American Fact Finder (not all US tracts at once) are noted here: <https://ask.census.gov/faq.php?id=5000&faqId=1653>

Other data sources that may be relevant include Census geodatabases at

<http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-data.html> and data at

<http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/gazetteer.html>. Also see the help for `get.acs`

The key function in this package is `get.acs`

For ACS documentation, see <http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs.html>

Author(s)

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References

<http://ejanalysis.github.io>

<http://www.ejanalysis.com>

See Also

proxistat package for block group points (lat lon), or **acs** package (<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/acs/index.html>) which lets one obtain more limited amounts of ACS data but provides better tools for working with the data once obtained.

clean.mystates *Utility to Clean Names of States for get.acs*

Description

Utility function used by [get.acs](#) and [download.datafiles](#)

Usage

```
clean.mystates(mystates = "all", testing = FALSE)
```

Arguments

mystates	Character vector, optional. Defines which states, using 2-character abbreviations (case-insensitive), or 'all' for all available. Default is 'all' which is 50 states plus DC, BUT NO LONGER PR (& not AS, GU, MP, UM, VI, US). If mystates is not specified or is 'all' then this returns the default. If mystates is specified, returns those defaults that match any of mystates. If mystates includes DC, PR, or US, those are returned, but "AS" "GU" "MP" "UM" "VI" are removed. One element of the vector can be 50, 51, or 52, where 50 represents the 50 states, 51 = 50 plus DC, or 52 = the 51 plus PR. In other words, the default could be written as c(50,'DC','PR') or as c(51,'PR') or just 52. Redundant entries are dropped, e.g., c(51,'DC') becomes 51.
testing	Logical value, optional, FALSE by default. LIMITS STATES TO DC AND DE if TRUE.

Details

Not in FTP ACS Summary files and not returned by this function's default:

```
#53 60 AS American Samoa <NA>
#54 66 GU Guam <NA>
#55 69 MP Northern Mariana Islands <NA>
#57 74 UM U.S. Minor Outlying Islands <NA>
#58 78 VI U.S. Virgin Islands <NA>
```

Note: The function stops if any of mystates is not found in the full list that includes these, but it returns only those excluding these five above, so an invalid state like 'ZQ' causes an error but an invalid state like 'VI' is silently removed without any error.

Value

Returns character vector of 2-character State abbreviations, lower case.

See Also

[get.acs](#) and [download.datafiles](#) which use this, and [get.state.info](#) (from **ejanalysis** package) based on [lookup.states](#) or `data(lookup.states,package=proxistat)` using **proxistat** package

clean.sumlevel	<i>Utility to Clean SUMLEVEL for get.acs</i>
----------------	--

Description

Utility function used by [get.acs](#).

Usage

```
clean.sumlevel(sumlevel = "bg")
```

Arguments

sumlevel Character vector (1+ elements), optional, 'bg' by default. See details above.

Details

Interprets as 'bg' any of these: 150, '150', 'blockgroup', 'block group', or 'bg' (or variants, ignoring case)

Interprets as 'tract' any of these: 140, '140', or 'tract' (or variants, ignoring case)

Interprets as 'both' any of these: 'both' or a vector that has both of the above terms (or variants, ignoring case).

Value

Returns 'both', 'tract', or 'bg' (or stops with error if cannot interpret sumlevel input)

See Also

[get.acs](#) which uses this

datafile	<i>Get name(s) of data file(s) for ACS 5-year summary file data</i>
----------	---

Description

Returns name(s) of data file(s) based on state(s), a sequence file number, and end year.

Usage

```
datafile(state.abbrev, seqfilenum, end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

state.abbrev Required vector of one or more 2-character state abbreviations like "DC"

seqfilenum Required sequence file number(s) used by ACS 5-year summary file (can be a single value like "0022" or a vector)

end.year Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character

Value

Returns character element that is name of data file such as e20105de0017000 or m20105de0017000

See Also

[get.acs](#)

download.datafiles *Download American Community Survey 5-yr data files*

Description

Attempts to download data files (estimates and margins of error) for specified states and tables, from the US Census Bureau's FTP site for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data.

Usage

```
download.datafiles(
  tables,
  end.year = "2017",
  mystates = 52,
  folder = getwd(),
  testing = FALSE,
  attempts = 5,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

tables	Required character vector of table numbers, such as c("B01001", "B03002")
end.year	Character element, optional, like "2012". Defines last of five years of summary file dataset; default is 2008-2012.
mystates	Character vector, now optional - Default is 50 states + DC + PR here, but otherwise relies on clean.mystates
folder	Default is getwd()
testing	Default to FALSE. If TRUE, provides info on progress of download.
attempts	Default is 5, specifies how many tries (maximum) for unzipping before trying to redownload and then give up.
silent	Optional, default is FALSE. Whether progress info should be sent to standard output (like the screen).

Value

Effect is to download and save locally a number of data files.

See Also

[get.distances](#) which allows you to get distances between all points.

`download.geo`*Download GEO txt file(s) with geo information for ACS*

Description

Download text file from US Census Bureau with geographic information for American Community Survey. The geo file is used to join data file(s) to FIPS/GEOID/NAME/SUMLEVEL/CKEY. Used by [get.acs](#)

Usage

```
download.geo(  
  mystates,  
  end.year = "2017",  
  folder = getwd(),  
  testing = FALSE,  
  attempts = 5,  
  silent = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>mystates</code>	vector of character 2-letter State abbreviations specifying which are needed
<code>end.year</code>	Specifies end year of 5-year summary file such as '2012'
<code>folder</code>	folder to use for saving files - default is current working directory
<code>testing</code>	Default to FALSE. If TRUE, provides info on progress of download.
<code>attempts</code>	Default is 5, specifies how many tries (maximum) for unzipping before trying to redownload and then give up.
<code>silent</code>	Optional, default is FALSE. Whether progress info should be sent to standard output (like the screen)

Details

Downloads to the current working directory unless another folder is specified. In contrast to the data files, the geo file is not zipped so does not have to be unzipped once downloaded. Key functions used:

- [url.to.find.zipfile](#)
- [geofile](#)
- `data(lookup.states,package='proxistat')`

Value

Side effect is downloading the file.

See Also

[get.acs](#) which uses this, and [get.read.geo](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
download.geo("de")
download.geo( c("pr", "dc") )

## End(Not run)
```

download.lookup.acs *Download File with Information about ACS 5-Year Summary File Tables*

Description

Download and read lookup table of information on American Community Survey (ACS) tables, from the Census Bureau, namely which sequence files on the FTP site contain which tables and which variables. NOTE: This is largely obsolete now that data(lookup.acs2013) and similar files for other years are in this package.

Usage

```
download.lookup.acs(end.year = "2017", folder = getwd(), silent = FALSE)
```

Arguments

end.year	Character, optional, like '2012', which specifies the 2008-2012 dataset. Defines which 5-year summary file to use, based on end-year. Can be 2009 or later. Data for end.year='2014' were released in early December 2015, for example.
folder	Optional path to where to download file to, defaults to current working directory.
silent	Optional, default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output (like the screen)

Details

The URL scheme for lookup tables or datasets varies by year, for example, For 2012 it is ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt and for 2014 is http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2014/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt and for 2016 is http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2016/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt

The 2013-2017 dataset is here...

Data tables by state by seqfile were here:

https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/data/5_year_seq_by_state/Alabama/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/
such as
https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/data/5_year_seq_by_state/Alabama/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/20175al0001000.zip

Geographies in Excel spreadsheets were here:

https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/geography/5yr_year_geo/

such as

https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/geography/5yr_year_geo/ak.xlsx

Lookup table of sequence files and variables was here:

https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt

The 2014-2018 folders are here:

https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2018/documentation/geography/

https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2018/documentation/user_tools/

Value

By default, returns a data.frame with these fields:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

For ACS 2008-2012:

```
length(my.lookup[,1])
```

```
[1] 24741
```

```
names(my.lookup)
```

```
[1] "File.ID" "Table.ID" "Sequence.Number" "Line.Number" "Start.Position"
```

```
[6] "Total.Cells.in.Table" "Total.Cells.in.Sequence" "Table.Title" "Subject.Area"
```

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which does the same without downloading file – uses the copy in data() Also see [data\(lookup.acs2013\)](#) and similar data for other years. Also see [get.acs](#), [get.lookup.file.name](#), [get.url.prefix.lookup.table](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
lookup.acs <- download.lookup.acs()

## End(Not run)
```

format.est.moe	<i>Reorder cols of estimates and MOE table</i>
----------------	--

Description

Start with a table that has all the estimates columns together, followed by all the MOEs columns, and create a new column sort order so that estimates will be interspersed with (next to) their MOE values, as FactFinder format provides.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'est.moe'
format(my.list.of.tables)
```

Arguments

```
my.list.of.tables
      Required list of tables from earlier steps in get.acs
```

Value

List of tables like input but with columns sorted in a new order.

See Also

[get.acs](#) and [intersperse](#)

format.for.acs.package	<i>Reformat ACS Data Obtained by get.acs for Import to the acs Package</i>
------------------------	--

Description

Work in progress *****

Currently only works for 5-year summary file data from ACS. Use same format as American Fact Finder uses for downloaded csv of tract data, for example. Format is ESTIMATE, MOE, ESTIMATE, MOE... and KEY cols are GEOID, FIPS, AND NAME, but also SUMLEVEL (specifies if tract or blockgroup, for example), and not STUSAB (2-letter State abbreviation).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'for.acs.package'
format(x, tableid = "", folder = getwd(), end.year = "2017", savefile = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	Required list of tables from earlier steps in get.acs
tableid	Used to name any saved file. Should be a string such as 'B01001'. Default is ''
folder	Default is getwd() and specifies where to save csv if savefile=TRUE
end.year	Optional, text to use in filename if savefile=TRUE. The acs package needs this in the filename to infer the year, or that can be specified as the endyear parameter in read.acs
savefile	Default is TRUE which means save a csv file to folder

Details

Downloading C17002 from American Fact Finder results in a zip file with csv as follows:
ACS_13_5YR_B01001_with_ann.csv or ACS_12_5YR_C17002_with_ann.csv is format of the data file with estimates and MOE values

First row is header with field names. Other rows are tract data.

Note that the fields are:

GEOID, FIPS, NAME, e1, m1, e2, m2, etc.

Columns 1,2,3 are geo information. Columns 4+ are data (estimate,moe,estimate,moe, etc.)

First 2 rows example:

```
GEO.id,GEO.id2,GEO.display-label,HD01_VD01,HD02_VD01,HD01_VD02,HD02_VD02,HD01_VD03,HD02_VD03,
0800000US110015000050000000501,110015000050000000501,"Census Tract 5.01, Washington
city, Washington city, District of Columbia, District of Columbia",3113,296,232,164,50,47,77,84,82,90,199,122,19,29,24
```

ACS_12_5YR_C17002_metadata.csv has the long and short variable names.

There is no header row. A header of field names would be these 2: "short.name", "long.name"

Each row here corresponds to one column of the data/moe fields (after the geo fields) in the main data file.

First few rows example:

GEO.id,Id This is like GEOID field in acs via ftp GEO.id2,Id2 This seems to be like FIPS string portion of GEOID

GEO.display-label,Geography This is a full place name (NAME)

HD01_VD01,Estimate; Total:

HD02_VD01,Margin of Error; Total:

HD01_VD02,Estimate; Total: - Under .50

HD02_VD02,Margin of Error; Total: - Under .50

e.g.,

```
GEO.id GEO.id2 GEO.display.label HD01_VD01
```

```
1 Id Id2 Geography Estimate; Total:
```

```
2 1400000US24031700101 24031700101 Census Tract 7001.01, Montgomery County, Maryland
4477
```

```
3 1400000US24031700103 24031700103 Census Tract 7001.03, Montgomery County, Maryland
5776
```

JUST TRACTS were available from Fact Finder up to 2008-2012 ACS, so that is what acs package would typically import until recently.

Actually starting with 2009-2013 ACS, block groups are available via AFF, but only by specifying one (or each) county in a State.

```
#####
```

Value

Data.frame for use in [acs](#) package.

See Also

[get.acs](#) to obtain acs data for use in this function, and then [read.acs](#) to read csv created by this function

geo	<i>downloaded saved geographic information for 5-year summary file ACS dataset ending in given year</i>
-----	---

Description

See [get.read.geo](#). This data set is a geographic identifier file from the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame 'data.frame': e.g., maybe 294334 obs. of 5 variables: \$ STUSAB : chr "AL" "AL" "AL" "AL" ... \$ SUMLEVEL: chr "140" "140" "140" "140" ... \$ GEOID : chr "14000US01001020100" "14000US01001020200" "14000US01001020300" "14000US01001020400" ... \$ FIPS : chr "01001020100" "01001020200" "01001020300" "01001020400" ... \$ KEY : chr "a10004656" "a10004657" "a10004658" "a10004659" ...

Source

<http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs>

See Also

[get.read.geo](#) [geofile](#) [download.geo](#)

geofile	<i>Get name(s) of GEO txt file(s) with geo information for ACS</i>
---------	--

Description

Get name of text file used by US Census Bureau with geographic information for American Community Survey. That geo file can be used to join data file(s) to FIPS/GEOID/NAME/SUMLEVEL/CKEY.

Usage

```
geofile(mystates, end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

mystates	vector of character 2-letter State abbreviations specifying which are needed
end.year	end.year of 5-year summary file such as '2018'

Value

Character vector of file names, example: "g20105md.txt" Note this is only needed once per state, not once per seqfile. (It might even be available as a single US file?)

See Also

[get.acs](#) and [download.geo](#) which uses this

geofomat2009	<i>geographic information for 5-year summary file ACS dataset ending in given year</i>
--------------	--

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame 'data.frame': 51 obs. of 3 variables: \$ varname: chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... \$ size: num 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... \$ start: num 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ...

Source

<http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs>

See Also

[get.acs](#)

geofomat2010	<i>geographic information for 5-year summary file ACS dataset ending in given year</i>
--------------	--

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame 'data.frame': 51 obs. of 3 variables: \$ varname: chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... \$ size: num 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... \$ start: num 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ...

Source

<http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs>

See Also

[get.acs](#)

geofomat2011	<i>geographic information for 5-year summary file ACS dataset ending in given year</i>
--------------	--

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame 'data.frame': 53 obs. of 3 variables: \$ varname: chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... \$ size: num 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... \$ start: num 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ...

Source

<http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs>

See Also

[get.acs](#)

geofomat2012	<i>geographic information for 5-year summary file ACS dataset ending in given year</i>
--------------	--

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame 'data.frame': 53 obs. of 3 variables: \$ varname: chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... \$ size: num 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... \$ start: num 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ...

Source

<http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs>

See Also

[get.acs](#)

geofomat2013	<i>geographic information for 5-year summary file ACS dataset ending in given year</i>
--------------	--

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame 'data.frame': 53 obs. of 3 variables: \$ varname: chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... \$ size : num 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... \$ start : num 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ...

Source

<http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs>

See Also

[get.acs](#)

geofomat2014	<i>geographic information for 2010-2014 ACS dataset</i>
--------------	---

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame 'data.frame': 53 obs. of 3 variables: \$ varname: chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... \$ size : num 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... \$ start : num 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ...

Source

For the 2010-2014 dataset, http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2014 obtained December 3, 2015.

See Also

[get.acs](#)

 geofomat2015

geographic information for 2011-2015 ACS dataset

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

```
A data.frame 'data.frame': 53 obs. of 5 variables: $ varname : chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL"
"COMPONENT" ... $ description: chr "Always equal to ACS Summary File identification" "State
Postal Abbreviation" "Summary Level" "Geographic Component" ... $ size : int 6 2 3 2 7 1
1 1 2 2 ... $ start : int 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ... $ type : chr "Record" "Record" "Record"
"Record" ...
```

Source

For the 2011-2015 dataset, http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2015 more specifically on page 12 of 22 in https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2015/documentation/tech_docs/2015_SummaryFile_Tech_Doc.pdf obtained July 20, 2018.

See Also

[get.acs](#)

 geofomat2016

geographic information for 2012-2016 ACS dataset

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

```
A data.frame 'data.frame': 53 obs. of 5 variables: $ varname : chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL"
"COMPONENT" ... $ description: chr "Always equal to ACS Summary File identification" "State
Postal Abbreviation" "Summary Level" "Geographic Component" ... $ size : int 6 2 3 2 7 1
1 1 2 2 ... $ start : int 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ... $ type : chr "Record" "Record" "Record"
"Record" ...
```

Source

For the 2012-2016 dataset, http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2016 more specifically on page 12 of 22 in https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2016/documentation/tech_docs/2016_SummaryFile_Tech_Doc.pdf obtained July 20, 2018.

See Also[get.acs](#)

`geofomat2017`*geographic information for 2013-2017 ACS dataset*

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

```
A data.frame 'data.frame': 53 obs. of 5 variables: $ varname : chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL"
"COMPONENT" ... $ description: chr "Always equal to ACS Summary File identification" "State
Postal Abbreviation" "Summary Level" "Geographic Component" ... $ size : int 6 2 3 2 7 1
1 1 2 2 ... $ start : int 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ... $ type : chr "Record" "Record" "Record"
"Record" ...
```

Source

Happens to be the same as the 2016 version of this file. For the 2013-2017 dataset, http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017 more specifically on pageS 11-12 in https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/tech_docs/2017_SummaryFile_Tech_Doc.pdf

See Also[get.acs](#)

`geofomat2018`*geographic information for ACS dataset*

Description

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file. The data and documentation for the 5 years ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1, so 2014-2018 would be available by Dec 2019.

Format

```
A data.frame 'data.frame': In 2016 and 2017, for example, it had 53 obs. of 5 variables:
$ varname : chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... $ description: chr "Always
equal to ACS Summary File identification" "State Postal Abbreviation" "Summary Level"
"Geographic Component" ... $ size : int 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... $ start : int 1 7 9 12 14 21 22
23 24 26 ... $ type : chr "Record" "Record" "Record" "Record" ...
```

Source

Table found in given year dataset, such as https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2018/documentation/tech_docs/2018_SummaryFile_Tech_Doc.pdf

See Also

[get.acs](#)

get.acs	<i>Download Tables from American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year Summary File</i>
---------	---

Description

This function will download and parse 1 or more tables of data from the American Community Survey's 5-year Summary File FTP site, for all Census tracts and/or block groups in specified State(s). Estimates and margins of error are obtained, as well as long and short names for the variables, which can be specified if only parts of a table are needed.

Usage

```
get.acs(
  tables = "B01001",
  mystates = "all",
  end.year = "2017",
  base.path = getwd(),
  data.path = file.path(base.path, "acsdata"),
  output.path = file.path(base.path, "acsoutput"),
  sumlevel = "both",
  vars = "all",
  varsfile,
  new.geo = TRUE,
  write.files = FALSE,
  save.files = FALSE,
  write.acspkg = FALSE,
  testing = FALSE,
  noEditOnMac = FALSE,
  silent = FALSE,
  save.log = TRUE,
  filename.log = "log"
)
```

Arguments

tables	Character vector, optional. Defines tables to obtain, such as 'B01001' (the default). NOTE: If the user specifies a table called 'ejsscreen' then a set of tables used by that tool are included. Those tables are "B01001", "B03002", "B15002", "B16002", "C17002", "B25034"
mystates	Character vector, optional, 'all' by default which means all available states plus DC and PR but not VI etc. Defines which States to include in downloads of data tables.

end.year	Character, optional. Defines a valid ending year of a 5-year summary file. Can be '2017' for example. Not all years are tested. Actually works if numeric like 2017, instead of character, too.
base.path	Character, optional, getwd() by default. Defines a base folder to start from, in case data.path and/or output.path are not specified, in which case a subfolder under base.path, called acsdata or acsoutput respectively, will be created and used for downloads or outputs of the function.
data.path	Character, optional, file.path(base.path, 'acsdata') by default. Defines folder (created if does not exist) where downloaded files will be stored.
output.path	Character, optional, file.path(base.path, 'acsoutput') by default. Defines folder (created if does not exist) where output files (results of this function) will be stored.
sumlevel	Default is "both" (case insensitive) in which case tracts and block groups are returned. Also c('tract', 'bg') or c(140,150) and similar patterns work. If "tract" or 140 or some other match, but not block groups, is specified (insensitive to case, tract can be plural or part of a word, etc.), just tracts are returned. If "bg" or 150 or "blockgroups" or "block groups" or some other match (insensitive to case, singular or plural or part of a word) but no match on tracts is specified, just block groups are returned. Non-matching elements are ignored (e.g., sumlevel=c('bg', 'tracts', 'block') will return block groups but neither tracts (because of the typo) nor blocks (not available in ACS), with no warning – No warning is given if sumlevel is set to a list of elements where some are not recognized as matches to bg or tract, as long as one or more match bg, tracts, or both (or variants as already noted).
vars	Optional, default is 'all' (in which case all variables from each table will be returned unless otherwise specified – see below). This parameter specifies whether to pause and ask the user about which variables are needed in an interactive session in R. This gives the user a chance to prepare the file "variables needed.csv" (or just ensure it is ready), or to edit and save "variables needed.csv" within a window in the default editor used by R (the user is asked which of these is preferred). If vars is 'ask', the function just looks in data.folder for a file called "variables needed.csv" that, if used, must specify which variables to keep from each table. The format of that file should be the same as is found in the file "variables needed template.csv" created by this function – keeping the letter "Y" in the column named "keep" indicates the given variable is needed. A blank or "N" or other non-Y specifies the variable should be dropped and not returned by get.acs(). If the "variables needed.csv" file is not found, however, this function looks for and uses the file called "variables needed template.csv" which is written by this function and specifies all of the variables from each table, so all variables will be retained and returned by get.acs().
varsfile	See help for set.needed for details. Optional name of file that can be used to specify which variables are needed from specified tables. If varsfile is specified, parameter vars is ignored, and the function just looks in folder for file called filename, e.g., "variables needed.csv" that should specify which variables to keep from each table.
new.geo	Default is TRUE. If FALSE, just uses existing downloaded geo file if possible. If TRUE, forced to download geo file even if already done previously.
write.files	Default is FALSE, but if TRUE then data-related csv files are saved locally – Saves longnames, full fieldnames as csv file, in working directory.
save.files	Default is FALSE, but if TRUE then various intermediate image files are saved as .RData files locally in working directory.

<code>write.acspkg</code>	Default is FALSE. If TRUE, saves csv file of tracts and file of block groups, for each of the tables, in a format that the Census Bureau American Fact Finder provides as downloadable tables. That format can be easily read in by the very useful acs package.
<code>testing</code>	Default is FALSE, but if TRUE more information is shown on progress, using <code>cat()</code> and while downloading, and more files (csv) are saved in working directory. But see <code>silent</code> parameter.
<code>noEditOnMac</code>	FALSE by default. If TRUE, do not pause to allow <code>edit()</code> to define which variables needed from each table, when on Mac OSX, even if <code>vars=TRUE</code> . Allows you to avoid problem in RStudio if X11 not installed.
<code>silent</code>	Optional logical, default is FALSE. Should progress updates be shown (sent to standard out, like the screen).
<code>save.log</code>	Optional logical, default is TRUE. Should log file be saved in <code>output.path</code> folder
<code>filename.log</code>	Optional name (without extension) for a log file, which gets date and time and <code>.txt</code> extension appended to it. Default is "log"

Details

The United States Census Bureau provides detailed demographic data by US Census tract and block group in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file via their FTP site. For those interested in block group or tract data, Census Bureau tools tend to focus on obtaining data one state at a time rather than for the entire US at once. This function lets a user specify (tables and) variables needed. This will look up what sequence files contain those tables. Using a table of variables for those selected tables, a user can specify variables or tables to drop by putting `x` or anything other than "Y" in the column specifying needed variables.

For ACS documentation, see for example:

<http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs.html>

Value

By default, returns a list of ACS data tables and information about them, with these elements in the list:

`bg`, `tracts`, `headers`, and `info`. The `headers` and `info` elements are `data.frames` providing metadata such as short and long field names. The same column names are found in `x$info` and `x$headers`, but `headers` has more rows. The `info` table just provides information about each data variable in the estimates tables. The `headers` table provides similar information but made to match the `bg` or `tracts` format, so the `headers` table has as many rows as `bg` or `tracts` has columns – enough for the estimates and MOE fields, and the basic fields such as FIPS. The `info` `data.frame` can look like this, for example:

```
'data.frame': xxxx obs. of 9 variables: $ table.ID : chr "B01001" "B01001" "B01001" "B01001"
... $ line : num 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ... $ shortname : chr "B01001.001" "B01001.002" "B01001.003"
"B01001.004" ... $ longname : chr "Total:" "Male:" "Under 5 years" "5 to 9 years" ... $ table.title
: chr "SEX BY AGE" "SEX BY AGE" "SEX BY AGE" "SEX BY AGE" ... $ universe : chr "Universe:
Total population" "Universe: Total population" "Universe: Total population" "Universe:
Total population" ... $ subject : chr "Age-Sex" "Age-Sex" "Age-Sex" "Age-Sex" ... $ longname2
: chr "Total" "Male" "Under5years" "5to9years" ... $ longname.unique: chr "Total:|SEX
BY AGE" "Male:|SEX BY AGE" "Under 5 years|SEX BY AGE" "5 to 9 years|SEX BY AGE" ...
```

Note

#' ##### ADDITIONAL NOTES #####
SEE CENSUS ACS DOCUMENTATION ON NON-NUMERIC FIELDS IN ESTIMATE AND MOE FILES.

Note relevant sequence numbers change over time.
#####

NOTES on where to obtain ACS data - sources for downloads of summary file data
#####

FOR ACS SUMMARY FILE DOCUMENTATION, SEE
http://www.census.gov/acs/www/data_documentation/summary_file/

As of 12/2012, ACS block group/tract summary file ESTIMATES on FTP site is provided as either

LARGER THAN NECESSARY:

*** all states and all tables in one huge tar.gz file (plus a zip of all geography codes),
[ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile//2007-2011_ACSSF_All_In_2_Giant_Files\(Experienced-U](ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile//2007-2011_ACSSF_All_In_2_Giant_Files(Experienced-U)
[ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile//2007-2011_ACSSF_All_In_2_Giant_Files\(Experienced-U](ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile//2007-2011_ACSSF_All_In_2_Giant_Files(Experienced-U)
[/2011_ACS_Geography_Files.zip](#)
2011_ACS_Geography_Files.zip #
Tracts_Block_Groups_Only.tar.gz # (THIS HAS ALL THE SEQUENCE FILES FOR EACH STATE
IN ONE HUGE ZIP FOLDER)

or

MORE FOCUSED DOWNLOADS:

*** one zip file per sequence file PER STATE: (plus csv of geography codes)

[http://www2.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile/2007-2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_](http://www2.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile/2007-2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/)
[Table_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/](#)
20115dc0002000.zip (Which has the e file and m file for this sequence file in this state)
g20115dc.csv (which lets you link FIPS to data)
so this would mean 50+ * about 7 sequence files? = about 350 zip files?? each with 2 text files. Plus
50+ geo csv files. so downloading about 400 files and expanding to about 750 files, and joining into
one big file.

OR

PREJOINED TO TIGER BLOCK GROUP BOUNDARIES SHAPEFILES/ GEODATABASES - ONE PER STATE HAS SEVERAL TABLES BUT NOT B16001, B16002 (many languages but tracts only), B16004 (has block groups but fewer languages)
<http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-data.html>
 BUT NOT one file per sequence file FOR ALL STATES AT ONCE.
 Estimates & margin of error (MOE), (ONCE UNZIPPED), and GEOgraphies (not zipped) are in 3 separate files.

also, data for entire US for one seq file at a time, but not tract/bg – just county and larger? – is here, e.g.: ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_1yr/summaryfile//2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/UnitedStates/20111us0001000.zip

GEO files:

Note the US file is not bg/tract level: geo for whole US at once doesn't have tracts and BGs ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_1yr/summaryfile//2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/UnitedStates/g20111us.csv

OTHER SOURCES include

- **acs** package for R - very useful for modest numbers of Census units rather than every block group in US
- <http://www.NHGIS.org> - (and see [nhgis](#)) very useful for block group (or tract/county/state/US) datasets
- DataFerrett (<http://dataferrett.census.gov/AboutDatasets/ACS.html>) – not all tracts in US at once
- American Fact Finder (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/>) (not block groups for ACS SF, and the tracts are not for the whole US at once)
- ESRI - commercial
- Geolytics - commercial
- etc.

See Also

acs package, which allows you to download and work with ACS data (using the API and your own key). To get the tables and variables used in EJSCREEN, see [ejscreen.download](#). Also see [nhgis](#) which parses any files manually downloaded from [NHGIS.org](#)

Examples

```
##### Basic info on ACS tables:
cbind(table(lookup.acs2017$Subject.Area))
## Not run:
##### Basic info on ACS tables:
t( get.table.info('B01001', end.year = '2017') )
t( get.table.info(c('B17001', 'C17002'), end.year = 2017) )
```

```

get.field.info('C17002', end.year = 2017)
##### Data for just DC & DE, just two tables:
outsmall <- get.acs(tables = c('B01001', 'C17002'), mystates=c('dc','de'),
  end.year = '2017', base.path = '~/Downloads', write.files = T, new.geo = FALSE)
summary(outsmall)
t(outsmall$info[1, ])
t(outsmall$bg[1, ])

## ENTIRE USA -- DOWNLOAD AND PARSE -- TAKES A COUPLE OF MINUTES for one table:
acs_2013_2017_B01001_vars_bg_and_tract <- get.acs(
  base.path='~/Downloads', end.year='2017', write.files = TRUE, new.geo = FALSE)

#####
##### Data for just DC & DE, just the default pop count table:
out <- get.acs(mystates=c('dc','de'), end.year = '2017', new.geo = FALSE)
names(out$bg); cat('\n\n'); head(out$info)
head(t(rbind(id=out$headers$table.ID, long=out$headers$longname, univ=out$headers$universe,
  subj=out$headers$subject, out$bg[1:2,]) ), 15)
cbind(longname=out$info$longname,
  total=colSums(out$bg[ , names(out$bg) %in% out$info$shortname ]))
### to see data on 2 places, 1 per column, with short and long field names
cbind( out$headers$longname, t(out$bg[1:2, ] ) )
### to see 7 places, 1 per row, with short and long field name as header
head( rbind(out$headers$longname, out$bg) )[,1:7]
##### just 2 tables for just Delaware
out <- get.acs(mystates='de', tables=c('B01001', 'C17002'))
summary(out); head(out$info); head(out$bg)
##### uses all EJSCREEN defaults and the specified folders:
out <- get.acs(base.path='~', data.path='~/ACStemp', output.path='~/ACSresults')
summary(out); head(out$info); head(out$bg)
##### all tables needed for EJSCREEN, plus 'B16001',
  with variables specified in 'variables needed.csv', all states and DC and PR:
out <- get.acs(tables=c('ejscreen', 'B16001'))
summary(out); head(out$info); head(out$bg)

## End(Not run)

```

get.bg

Get just the Census block group part of existing ACS data

Description

Helper function to return just the block group resolution part of a dataset in [get.acs](#)

Usage

```
get.bg(merged.tables.mine)
```

Arguments

```
merged.tables.mine
```

Required set of tables in format used by [get.acs](#)

Value

subset of the inputs, same format

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.tracts](#)

get.datafile.prefix *Get first part of ACS datafile name.*

Description

Get the first part of the datafile name for the ACS 5-year summary file datafiles on the US Census Bureau FTP site.

Usage

```
get.datafile.prefix(end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

end.year Optional character, such as "2012", specifying last year of 5-year summary file data.

See Also

[get.acs](#), [datafile](#), [geofile](#), [get.zipfile.prefix](#)

get.field.info *Get short and long field names etc for ACS tables*

Description

Get info on tables from US Census Bureau for American Community Survey 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
get.field.info(  
  tables,  
  end.year = "2017",  
  table.info.only = FALSE,  
  moe = FALSE,  
  basic = FALSE,  
  silent = FALSE  
)
```


Arguments

tables	Required vector of tables such as "B01001"
end.year	Last year of 5-year summary file such as '2018'
table.info.only	FALSE by default. If TRUE, only return info about the table(s), not variables in table(s).
moe	FALSE by default. Margin of error variables also included if TRUE, but their names are identical to those of estimates fields other than being MOE instead of estimate.
basic	FALSE by default. If TRUE, a very limited subset of the info is returned (just variable number and name). This parameter is ignored if table.info.only=TRUE
silent	Optional logical, FALSE by default. Whether to send progress info to standard output (like the screen)

Details

Uses [get.lookup.acs](#) but for latest version could just use `data(lookup.acs)`

Value

data.frame of information about each table and each variable in table:

Value returned is data.frame of info about each table and also each variable in the table

e.g., `longname2` which is version where no spaces or colons or escaped quotation marks etc.

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.table.info](#), and [get.field.info](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
finfo <- get.field.info(c('B17020A', 'B17020H'))
cbind(
  names(tracts), substr(finfo$longname.unique[match(names(tracts), finfo$shortname)], 1, 100)
)
foundnames <- names(tracts)[names(tracts) %in% finfo$shortname]
cbind(
  foundnames, substr(finfo$longname.unique[match(foundnames, finfo$shortname)], 1, 100)
)

## End(Not run)
```

Description

Get lookup table of information on American Community Survey (ACS) tables, from the Census Bureau, namely which sequence files on the FTP site contain which tables and which variables.

NOTE: This uses lazy loading from `data(lookup.acs2013)` and similarly for other years.

Usage

```
get.lookup.acs(end.year = "2017", folder = getwd())
```

Arguments

`end.year` Character, optional, like '2012', which specifies the 2008-2012 dataset. Defines which 5-year summary file to use, based on end-year. Can be 2009 or later. Data for end.year='2014' was released December 2015, for example. Note: Function stops with error if given end.year is not yet added to this package.

`folder` Ignored (leftover from when this was like download.lookup.acs)

Details

Now folders are like: https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/data/5_year_seq_by_state/Del
https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/user_tools/

The source of this lookup table was, for example, ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt and for 2014 is http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2014/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt Note 2014 file lacks leading zeroes on Sequence Number field, so those were added before saving as .RData file as data for package. via `lookup.acs2014$Sequence.Number <- analyze.stuff::lead.zeroes(lookup.acs2014$Sequence.Number, 4)`

Value

By default, returns a data.frame with these fields: `$ Table.ID` : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ... `$ Sequence.Number` : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ... `$ Line.Number` : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ... `$ Start.Position` : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ... `$ Total.Cells.in.Table` : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ... `$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence` : num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA NA ... `$ Table.Title` : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ... `$ Subject.Area` : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ... For ACS 2008-2012:
`length(my.lookup[,1])` [1] 24741 `names(my.lookup)` [1] "File.ID" "Table.ID" "Sequence.Number" "Line.Number" "Start.Position" [6] "Total.Cells.in.Table" "Total.Cells.in.Sequence" "Table.Title" "Subject.Area"

See Also

[get.table.info](#) and [get.field.info](#).

Also see [acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [download.lookup.acs](#) to download the file from the Census FTP site. Also see `data(lookup.acs2013)` and similar data for other years. Also see [get.acs](#), [get.lookup.file.name](#), [get.url.prefix.lookup.table](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
lookup.acs <- get.lookup.acs()

## End(Not run)
```

get.lookup.file.name *Get name of Census file with Sequence and Table Numbers for ACS 5-year summary file data*

Description

Returns name of text file provided by US Census Bureau, such as Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt, which provides the sequence numbers (file numbers) and table numbers for data in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
get.lookup.file.name(end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

end.year Not yet implemented, but will be optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character

Value

Returns character element that is name of file such as "Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt"

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.lookup.acs](#), [get.url.prefix.lookup.table](#). Also see `data(lookup.acs)`.

get.read.geo *Download (if necessary) and merge GEO files for ACS*

Description

Returns a data.frame of all states merged geo info and saves geo.RData to working directory.

Usage

```
get.read.geo(  
  mystates,  
  new.geo = FALSE,  
  folder = getwd(),  
  end.year = "2017",  
  testing = FALSE,  
  silent = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

mystates	Character vector of 2-character state abbreviations, required.
new.geo	Logical value, optional, FALSE by default. If FALSE, if geo exists in memory don't download and parse again.
folder	Defaults to current working directory.
end.year	optional character year to specify last year of 5-year summary file.
testing	Default to FALSE. If TRUE, provides info on progress of download.
silent	Default is FALSE.

Details

Note that if this finds the geographic file in folder already, it will not download it again even if that file was corrupt. Read and compile geo data for entire USA with PR DC,

This takes some time for the entire USA:

2 minutes 48 seconds on

MacBook Pro 16 GB RAM, SSD, 2.7 GHz Intel Core i7

R version: R 3.0.2 GUI 1.62 Snow Leopard build (6558)

8 minutes 20 seconds on

R version 3.0.1

Dell Latitude E6400, x86 Family 6 Model 23 Stepping 6 GenuineIntel ~2260 Mhz,

Total Physical Memory 4,096.00 MB, Available Physical Memory 1.97 GB, Total Virtual Memory

2.00 GB, Available Virtual Memory 1.94 GB,

Microsoft Windows XP Professional

#####

Value

Returns a data.frame of all states geo info.

FOR ACS 2008-2012, tract and block group counts:

table(geo\$SUMLEVEL)

140 150

74001 220333

Remaining fields in geo:

"STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "GEOID" "FIPS" "KEY"

NOTE: do not really need GEOID or KEY.

GEOID is redundant, but might be useful for joining to shapefiles/ boundaries

Also, could specify here if "NAME" field from geo files should be dropped - it might be useful but takes lots of RAM and encoding of Spanish characters in Puerto Rico caused a problem in Mac OSX.

NOTE FROM CENSUS:

The ACS Summary File GEOID contains the necessary information to connect to the TIGER/Line Shapefiles, but it needs to be modified in order to exactly match up. Notice that the ACS GEOID, 05000US10001, contains the TIGER/Line GEOID string, 10001. In order to create an exact match of both GEOIDs, it is necessary to remove all of the characters before and including the letter S in the ACS Summary File. By removing these characters, the new GEOID in the ACS Summary File exactly matches the field GEOID in the TIGER/Line Shapefiles.

See Also

[get.acs](#) which uses this, and [download.geo](#)

get.table.info	<i>Get field names etc for ACS tables</i>
----------------	---

Description

Get info on tables from US Census Bureau for American Community Survey 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
get.table.info(tables, end.year = "2017", table.info.only = TRUE, moe = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tables	Required vector of tables such as "B01001"
end.year	Last year of 5-year summary file such as '2012'
table.info.only	TRUE by default. See get.field.info
moe	FALSE by default. If TRUE, returns MOE versions of field names and descriptions.

Details

Wrapper for [get.table.info2](#) which is a wrapper for [get.field.info](#)

Value

data.frame of information about each table and each variable in table:
Table.ID, Line.Number, Table.Title, table.var, varname2

Value returned is data.frame of info about each table and also each variable in the table:

```
Table.ID Line.Number Table.Title table.var varname2
7 B01001 NA SEX BY AGE <NA> SEXBYAGE
8 B01001 NA Universe: Total population <NA> UniverseTotalpopulation
9 B01001 1 Total: B01001.001 Total
10 B01001 2 Male: B01001.002 Male
```

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.table.info](#), and [get.field.info](#)

get.table.info2 *Get field names etc for ACS tables*

Description

Get info on tables from US Census Bureau for American Community Survey 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
get.table.info2(tables, end.year = "2017", table.info.only = TRUE, moe = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tables	Required vector of tables such as "B01001"
end.year	Last year of 5-year summary file such as '2018'
table.info.only	TRUE by default. See get.field.info
moe	FALSE by default. If TRUE, returns MOE versions of field names and descriptions.

Details

Wrapper for [get.field.info](#)

Value

data.frame of information about each table and each variable in table:
Table.ID, Line.Number, Table.Title, table.var, varname2

Value returned is data.frame of info about each table and also each variable in the table:

```
Table.ID Line.Number Table.Title table.var varname2
7 B01001 NA SEX BY AGE <NA> SEXBYAGE
8 B01001 NA Universe: Total population <NA> UniverseTotalpopulation
9 B01001 1 Total: B01001.001 Total
10 B01001 2 Male: B01001.002 Male
```

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.table.info](#), and [get.field.info](#)

get.tracts	<i>Get just the Census tracts part of existing ACS data</i>
------------	---

Description

Helper function to return just the tract resolution part of a dataset in [get.acs](#)

Usage

```
get.tracts(merged.tables.mine)
```

Arguments

merged.tables.mine
 Required set of tables in format used by [get.acs](#)

Value

subset of the inputs, same format

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.bg](#)

get.url.prefix	<i>Get URL prefix for FTP site folder(s) with ACS 5-year summary file data</i>
----------------	--

Description

Returns part of URL of folders (on Census Bureau FTP site) with zip file(s) based on end year.

Usage

```
get.url.prefix(end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

end.year Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, but ignored if url.prefix is specified

Value

Returns character vector that is first part of URL such as "ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/2008-2012_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset"

See Also

[get.acs](#), [url.to.find.zipfile](#), [download.geo](#)

get.url.prefix.lookup.table

Get first part of name(s) of URL(s) for ACS 5-year summary file data

Description

Returns first part of URL(s) of folders (on Census Bureau FTP site) with zip file(s) based on end year.

Usage

```
get.url.prefix.lookup.table(end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

end.year Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, like '2018'

Value

Returns character element that is first part of URL such as "ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/"

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.lookup.acs](#), [get.lookup.file.name](#)

get.zipfile.prefix *Get first part of ACS zip file name.*

Description

Get the first part of the zipfile name for the ACS 5-year summary file datafiles on the US Census Bureau FTP site.

Usage

```
get.zipfile.prefix(end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

end.year Optional character, specifying last year of 5-year summary file data.

See Also

[get.acs](#), [get.datafile.prefix](#), [datafile](#), [geofile](#), [get.zipfile.prefix](#)

`getseqnumsviafilenames`*Infer Sequence file numbers based on ACS 5-yr filenames in folder*

Description

Helper function to look for unzipped csv files of estimates for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site, based on pattern matching, and infer seqfile numbers based on those filenames.

Usage

```
getseqnumsviafilenames(folder = getwd())
```

Arguments

folder Default is current working directory.

Value

Returns a character vector of unique sequence file numbers

See Also

[read.concat.states](#) which uses this

`getstatesviafilenames` *Infer US States based on ACS 5-yr filenames in folder*

Description

Helper function to look for unzipped csv files of estimates for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site, based on pattern matching, and infer State abbreviations based on those filenames.

Usage

```
getstatesviafilenames(folder = getwd())
```

Arguments

folder Default is current working directory.

Value

Returns a vector of unique upper case US State abbreviations

See Also

[read.concat.states](#) which uses this

`gettablesviaseqnums` *Look up ACS table IDs of tables in given sequence number files*

Description

Helper function to look for which American Community Survey (ACS) tables are in given sequence files as obtained from the US Census FTP site.

Usage

```
gettablesviaseqnums(x, end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Required character vector of table IDs such as "B01001"
<code>end.year</code>	Optional character variable providing the end year of the 5-year ACS survey, to ensure the proper sequence file to table ID matching is used.

Value

Returns a character vector of table IDs such as "B01001"

See Also

[read.concat.states](#) which uses this, and [get.lookup.acs](#) which is used by this

`join.geo.to.tablist` *Join US ACS data and US geo files on FIPS*

Description

Read the processed csv files of estimates and MOE (margin of error) for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site, and join with geographic information from geo file.

Usage

```
join.geo.to.tablist(
  mygeo,
  my.list.of.tables,
  save.csv = FALSE,
  sumlevel = "both",
  folder = getwd(),
  testing = FALSE,
  end.year = ""
)
```

Arguments

mygeo	Required geo file. See get.acs and get.read.geo
my.list.of.tables	List of data tables resulting from prior steps in get.acs
save.csv	FALSE by default. Specifies whether to save each data table as csv format file.
sumlevel	Default is "both", specifies if "tracts" or "blockgroups" or "both" should be used.
folder	Default is current working directory.
testing	Default is FALSE. If TRUE, prints more information.
end.year	Default is "" – used in naming file if save.csv=TRUE

Value

Returns a list of data.frames, where each element of the list is one ACS table, such as table B01001.

See Also

[get.acs](#) and [get.read.geo](#)

lookup.acs2009	<i>Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2005-2009 ACS dataset</i>
----------------	--

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2009')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': xxx obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2005-2009 dataset, ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2009_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.xls obtained July 2015.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2009, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2009)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2010	<i>Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2006-2010 ACS dataset</i>
----------------	--

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2010')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': xxx obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2006-2010 dataset, ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2010_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt obtained July 2015.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2010, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2010)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2011	<i>Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2007-2011 ACS dataset</i>
----------------	--

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2011')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': xxx obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2007-2011 dataset, ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt obtained July 2015.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2011, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2011)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2012	<i>Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2008-2012 ACS dataset</i>
----------------	--

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2012')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': xxx obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2008-2012 dataset, ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt obtained July 2015.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2012, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2012)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2013	<i>Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2009-2013 ACS dataset</i>
----------------	--

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2013')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': xxx obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2009-2013 dataset, ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2013_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt obtained July 2015.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2013, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2013)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2014

ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2010-2014 ACS dataset

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2014')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': xxx obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2010-2014 dataset, http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2014/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt obtained December 3, 2015.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2014, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2014)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2015

ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2011-2015 ACS dataset

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2015')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': 25024 obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2011-2015 dataset, http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2015/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt obtained July 20, 2018.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2015, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2015)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2016

ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for 2012-2016 ACS dataset

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Usage

```
data('lookup.acs2016')
```

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': 25074 obs. of 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

Source

For the 2012-2016 dataset, http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2016/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt obtained July 20, 2018.

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2016, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2016)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2017

ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for ACS dataset

Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

Format

A data.frame with these fields:
'data.frame': 27502 obs. of 9 variables:

- \$ File.ID :
- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2017, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2017)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

lookup.acs2018

*ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt for ACS dataset***Description**

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file. The data and documentation for the 5 years ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1, so 2014-2018 would be available by Dec 2019.

Format

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': approx 25074 obs. of approx 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position : num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA NA NA 2 NA NA NA NA NA ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

See Also

[acs.lookup](#) which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.lookup.acs](#) which downloads these files. Also see [get.acs](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2016, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2018)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()

## End(Not run)
```

merge.tables	<i>Concatenate several ACS data tables into one big table</i>
--------------	---

Description

Concatenate several ACS data tables into one big table

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tables'  
merge(my.list.of.tables)
```

Arguments

my.list.of.tables
Required list of data tables from prior steps in [get.acs](#)

Value

Returns one big data.frame with all columns of all input tables

See Also

[get.acs](#)

nhgis	<i>Read and Parse NHGIS.org ACS Data Files and Codebooks</i>
-------	--

Description

Read downloaded and unzipped csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org, with US Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey (ACS).

Usage

```
nhgis(  
  base.path = getwd(),  
  code.dir = file.path(base.path, "nhgiscode"),  
  data.dir = file.path(base.path, "nhgisdata"),  
  silent = FALSE,  
  savefiles = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

base.path	Optional base path, default is getwd()
code.dir	Optional path where extra code is. Not used.
data.dir	Optional path where data files are stored and output could be saved. Default is nhgiscode folder under base.path
silent	Optional, FALSE by default, whether to print info about progress, filenames found, etc.
savefiles	Optional, FALSE by default, whether to save .RData and maybe csv files of output returned.

Details

This is designed to read and parse csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org and already unzipped in a local folder. It only reads one set of files at a time, meaning the data and codebook files all have to be for the same set of ACS tables (a single NHGIS query) (but can be a separate data & codebook file pair for each spatial resolution like county, state, etc.) Obtaining NHGIS.org data requires an account at <https://data2.nhgis.org/main>, <https://www.nhgis.org> Data can be downloaded by selecting, for example,

tracts and block groups, all in US, acs2007-2011, and specifying the desired ACS Table(s).

Research using NHGIS data should cite it as:

Minnesota Population Center. National Historical Geographic Information System: Version 2.0. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota 2011.

Value

Returns a named list, one element per summary level found (names are, e.g., 'us', 'states', etc.). Each summary level has a list of the following: data, contextfields, fields, tables, geolevel, years, dataset

For example:

```
summary(x[['us']]) Length Class Mode data 279 data.frame list contextfields 3 data.frame
list fields 4 data.frame list tables 4 data.frame list geolevel 1 -none-character years
1 -none-character dataset 1 -none-character
```

See Also

[nhgisread](#) used by this function. Also, for other ways to obtain ACS data see [get.acs](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- nhgis(data.dir = '~/Desktop/nhgis0009_csv')
# save state data as csv
write.csv(x$states$data, file='statedata.csv', row.names = FALSE)
# Which geolevels were found (and what years)?
summary(x)
t(cbind(sapply(x, function(y) y[c('geolevel', 'years')]))))
summary(x[['counties']])
# Which Census Bureau tables were found?
x[['states']]$tables
# See the data for one State
t(x[['states']]$data[1, ])
# How many counties are in each State?
```

```
dat <- x[['counties']]$data
cbind(sort(table(dat$STATE)))
# How many counties have population > 1 million, for each State?
cbind(sort(table(dat$STATE[dat$B01001.001 > 1E6])))

## End(Not run)
```

nhgisfind

Find NHGIS ACS Files on Disk

Description

Look in specified path to find any downloaded and unzipped csv and txt files from NHGIS.ORG, with American Community Survey (ACS) data from the US Census Bureau.

Usage

```
nhgisfind(folder = getwd(), silent = FALSE)
```

Arguments

folder	Optional path to look in. Default is getwd().
silent	Optional, default is FALSE. Prints filenames if TRUE.

Details

This is designed to get a list of filenames that match the format of csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org and already unzipped in a local folder. Obtaining NHGIS.org data requires an account at <https://data2.nhgis.org/main>, <https://www.nhgis.org> Data can be downloaded by selecting, for example, block groups, all in US, acs2007-2011, and specifying the desired ACS Table(s). Research using NHGIS data should cite it as:
Minnesota Population Center. National Historical Geographic Information System: Version 2.0. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota 2011.

Value

A named list with datafiles= a vector of one or more filenames (estimates and also MOE files) and codebooks= a vector of one or more filenames. The function also prints the information unless silent=TRUE.

See Also

[nhgis](#), [nhgisread](#)

nhgisfips

*Assemble FIPS Code from State, County, Tract, Blockgroup Portions***Description**

Helper function for reading demographic data files downloaded from NHGIS.org

Usage

```
nhgisfips(
  x,
  validfields = c("STATEA", "COUNTYA", "TRACTA", "BLKGRPA"),
  fullname = c("FIPS.ST", "FIPS.COUNTY", "FIPS.TRACT", "FIPS.BG"),
  leadz = c(2, 3, 6, 1)
)
```

Arguments

x	Data.frame or matrix with appropriate colnames, containing portions of FIPS code in separate columns.
validfields	Optional, default is colnames used in datasets downloaded from NHGIS.org as of 8/2015 for ACS data. Defaults: c("STATEA", "COUNTYA", "TRACTA", "BLKGRPA")
fullname	Optional, default is based on default for validfields parameter: c("FIPS.ST", "FIPS.COUNTY", "FIPS.TRACT", "FIPS.BG"). Specifies colname for the output, which depends on how many cols of fips portions are in x.
leadz	Optional, default is based on default for validfields parameter: c(2, 3, 6, 1) Defines total number of characters in correctly formatted portions of FIPS, such as 2 for State FIPS (e.g., "01").

Details

This can also be used more generically in other contexts, by specifying appropriate parameters.

Value

A 1-column data.frame with same number of rows as x. Provides assembled FIPS for each row.

See Also

[nhgis](#), [nhgisread](#), [clean.fips](#)

Examples

```
x <- structure(list(STATEA = structure(c(2L, 3L, 1L),
  .Label = c("10", "8", "9"), class = "factor"),
  COUNTYA = structure(1:3, .Label = c("1", "10", "100"), class = "factor"),
  TRACTA = structure(c(2L, 1L, 2L), .Label = c("000006", "123456"), class = "factor"),
  BLKGRPA = c("1", "2", "3"), data = c(0, 0, 0)),
  .Names = c("STATEA", "COUNTYA", "TRACTA", "BLKGRPA", "data"),
  row.names = c(NA, -3L), class = "data.frame")
```



```
x
nhgisfips(x[, 1, drop=FALSE])
nhgisfips(x[, 1:2], fullname=c('stfips', 'countyfips', 'tractfips', 'bgfips'))
nhgisfips(x[, 1:3])
nhgisfips(x[, 1:4])
nhgisfips(x)
```

nhgisread

Read NHGIS.org ACS Data Files and Codebooks

Description

Helper function used by [nhgis](#) to read downloaded and unzipped csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org, with US Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey (ACS).

Usage

```
nhgisread(
  datafile,
  codebookfile = gsub("\\.csv", "_codebook.txt", datafile),
  folder = getwd()
)
```

Arguments

datafile	Names of files
codebookfile	Optional name(s) of codebook files. Default is to infer from datafile
folder	Optional path where files are found. Default is getwd()

Value

Returns a named list: data, contextfields, fields, tables, geolevel, years, dataset

See Also

[nhgis](#) which uses this, [nhgisreadcodebook](#) for reading codebook files, [get.acs](#), [get.datafile.prefix](#), [datafile](#), [geofile](#), [get.zipfile.prefix](#)

nhgisreadcodebook

Read NHGIS.org ACS Codebook File

Description

Helper function used by [nhgis](#) to read downloaded and unzipped codebook files obtained from NHGIS.org, for US Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey (ACS).

Usage

```
nhgisreadcodebook(codebookfile, folder = getwd())
```

Arguments

codebookfile	Name(s) of codebook file(s).
folder	Optional path where files are found. Default is getwd()

Value

Returns a named list: data, contextfields, fields, tables, geolevel, years, dataset

See Also

[nhgis](#) which uses this, [nhgisread](#) for reading datafiles, [get.acs](#), [get.datafile.prefix](#), [datafile](#), [geofile](#), [get.zipfile.prefix](#)

read.concat.states	<i>Read and concatenate State files of ACS data</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Read the unzipped csv files of estimates and MOE (margin of error) for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site. These State-specific csv files are combined into a single national result for each Census data table.

Usage

```
read.concat.states(
  tables,
  mystates,
  geo,
  needed,
  folder = getwd(),
  output.path,
  end.year = "2017",
  save.files = TRUE,
  sumlevel = "both",
  testing = FALSE,
  dt = TRUE,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

tables	Optional character vector of table numbers needed such as 'B01001', but default is all tables from each sequence file found.
mystates	Optional character vector of 2-character state abbreviations. Default is all states for which matching filenames are found in folder.
geo	Optional table of geographic identifiers that elsewhere would be merged with data here. If provided, it is used here to look up data file length, based on state abbrev's list. See get.read.geo If geo is not provided, the function still reads each file whatever its length.

needed	Optional data.frame specifying which variables to keep from each table. Default is to keep all. See set.needed and get.acs
folder	Default is current working directory. Specifies where the csv files are to be found.
output.path	Default is whatever the parameter folder is set to. Results as .RData files are saved here if save.files=TRUE.
end.year	Optional, specifies end year of 5-year summary file.
save.files	Default is TRUE, in which case it saves each resulting table/ data file on disk.
sumlevel	Default is "both". Specifies if "tracts" or "blockgroups" or "both" should be returned.
testing	Default is FALSE. If TRUE, prints filenames but does not unzip them, and prints more messages.
dt	Optional logical, TRUE by default, specifies whether data.table::fread should be used instead of read.csv
silent	Default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output.

Details

This can use read.csv (takes about 1 minute total for one table, all states, est and moe). It can use data.table::fread (default method), which is faster.

Value

Returns a list of data.frames, where each element of the list is one ACS table, such as table B01001.

See Also

[get.acs](#)

read.geo

Read and concatenate state geo files from Census ACS

Description

Reads and merges geo files that have been obtained from the US Census Bureau FTP site for American Community Survey (ACS) data.

Usage

```
read.geo(mystates, folder = getwd(), end.year = "2017", silent = FALSE)
```

Arguments

mystates	Character vector of one or more states/DC/PR, as 2-character state abbreviations. Default is all states/DC/PR.
folder	Optional path to where files are stored, defaults to getwd()
end.year	End year of 5-year data, like "2018"
silent	Default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output.

Details

Note that if this finds the geographic file in folder already, it will not download it again even if that file was corrupt. Currently works for ACS 2008-2012 5-year file format, other years not tested. Extracts just block group (SUMLEVEL=150) and tract (SUMLEVEL=140) geo information (not county info., since data files used in this package lack county info.) The NAME field works on pc but mac can hit an error if trying to read the NAME field. Due to encoding? specifying encoding didn't help.

(name is very long and not essential)

Error in substring(x, first, last) :

invalid multibyte string at '<f1>onc<69>to Chapter; Navajo Nation Reservation and Off-Reservation Trust Land, AZ-NM-UT

Format of files is here: ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/ACS_2008\unhbox\voidb@x\kern\z@\char'\discretionary{-}{-}{-}2012_SF_Tech_Doc.pdf

Value

Returns a large data.frame of selected geographic information on all block groups and tracts in the specified states/DC/PR, with just these fields:

"STUSAB", "SUMLEVEL", "LOGRECNO", "STATE", "COUNTY", "TRACT", "BLKGRP", "GEOID"

See Also

[get.acs](#), [download.geo](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
geo <- read.geo( c("dc", "de") )

## End(Not run)
```

set.needed

Specify which ACS Variables are Needed

Description

Utility used by get.acs to help user specify which variables are needed. User can specify this in a file in the working directory, modifying "variables needed template.csv" that this function can create based on tables parameter, to create user-defined "variables needed.csv"

Usage

```
set.needed(
  tables,
  lookup.acs,
  vars = "all",
  varsfile,
  folder = getwd(),
  noEditOnMac = FALSE,
  end.year = "2017",
  silent = TRUE,
  writefile = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

tables	Character vector, required. Specifies which ACS tables.
lookup.acs	Data.frame, optional. Defines which variables are in which tables. Output of get.lookup.acs
vars	Optional default is all, which means all fields from table unless varsfile specified. Specifies what variables to use from specified tables, and how to determine that. If varsfile is provided, vars is ignored (see parameter varsfile). If vars="ask", function will ask user about variables needed and allow specification in an interactive session.
varsfile	Optional name of file that can be used to specify which variables are needed from specified tables. If varsfile is specified, parameter vars is ignored, and the function just looks in folder for file called filename, e.g., "variables needed.csv" that should specify which variables to keep from each table. If not found in folder, then all variables from each table are used (same as if vars="all" and varsfile not specified). The format of that file should be the same as is found in the file "variables needed template.csv" created by this function. If the filename (e.g., "variables needed.csv" file) is not found, it looks for and uses the file called "variables needed template.csv" which is written by this function and specifies all of the variables from each table. The column called "keep" should have an upper or lowercase letter Y to indicate that row (variable) should be kept. Blanks or other values (even the word "yes") indicate the variable is not needed from that data table and it will be dropped.
folder	Optional path, default is getwd(), specifying where to save the csv files that define needed variables.
noEditOnMac	FALSE by default. If TRUE, do not pause to allow edit() when on Mac OSX, even if vars=TRUE. Allows you to avoid problem in RStudio if X11 not installed.
end.year	Optional, – specifies last year of 5-year summary file that is being used.
silent	Optional, defaults to TRUE. If FALSE, prints some indications of progress.
writefile	Optional, defaults to TRUE. If TRUE, saves template of needed variables as "variables needed template.csv" file to folder.

Value

Returns data.frame of info on which variables are needed from each table, much like annotated version of lookup.acs.

See Also

[get.acs](#) which uses this

unzip.datafiles

Unzip ACS datafile per state, downloading missing ones first

Description

Unzip ACS datafile for each specified US State, extracting specified table(s), downloading missing zip files first.

Usage

```

unzip.datafiles(
  tables,
  mystates,
  folder = getwd(),
  end.year = "2017",
  testing = FALSE,
  attempts = 5,
  silent = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

tables	Character vector of table numbers needed such as 'B01001'
mystates	Character vector of 2-character state abbreviations. Default is all states.
folder	Default is current working directory.
end.year	optional – specifies last year of 5-year summary file.
testing	Default is FALSE. If TRUE, prints more info.
attempts	Default is 5, specifies how many tries (maximum) for unzipping before trying to redownload and then give up.
silent	Default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output.

Value

Side effect is unzipping file on disk (unless testing=TRUE)

See Also

[get.acs](#)

url.to.find.zipfile *Get URL(s) for FTP site folder(s) with ACS 5-year summary file data*

Description

Returns URL(s) of folders (on Census Bureau FTP site) with zip file(s) based on end year.

Usage

```
url.to.find.zipfile(mystates, end.year = "2017", url.prefix)
```

Arguments

mystates	Character vector of one or more states/DC/PR, as 2-character state abbreviations. Default is all states/DC/PR.
end.year	Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, but ignored if url.prefix is specified
url.prefix	Optional character element that defaults to what is returned by get.url.prefix (end.year)

Details

See help for [download.lookup.acs](#) for more details on the URLs used for the data.
The zip files look like this for example: "20135dc0001000.zip"

The 2009-2013 summary file by state-seqfile combo is in folders that look like this:

ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2013_5yr/summaryfile/2009-2013_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only

The 2008-2012 summary file by state-seqfile combo is in folders that look like this:

http://www2.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/2008-2012_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/Alabama/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only

The 2007-2011 summary file by state-seqfile combo is in folders that look like this:

ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile/2007-2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/
http://www2.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile/2007-2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/

URL must be the ftp site, not the http version.

But 2010-2014 was on http only, not ftp, as of mid Dec 3 2015 release day.

Value

Returns character vector that is URL(s) such as "ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile"

See Also

[get.acs](#), [url.to.find.zipfile](#), [download.geo](#)

which.seqfiles

Find Which Sequence Files Contain Given ACS Table(s)

Description

The US Census Bureau provides 5-year summary file data from the American Community Survey in sequence files on their FTP site. This function reports which sequence files contain the specified tables. Used by [get.acs](#)

Usage

```
which.seqfiles(tables, lookup.acs, end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

tables	character vector, required. Defines which ACS table(s) to check, such as 'B01001'
lookup.acs	data.frame, optional (if not provided then it is downloaded from Census). Specifies what variables are in which tables and which tables are in which sequence files on the FTP site.

end.year Character element, optional. Defines end year for 5-year dataset. Valid years are 2009:2014 as of Dec 2015 - Nov 2016, with more to be added over time. Ignored if lookup.acs is specified, however. If they imply different years, the function stops with an error message.

Value

Returns a vector of one or more numbers stored as characters, each defining one sequence file, such as "0001".

See Also

[get.acs](#) and [acs.lookup](#) from the **acs** package, which does something related but is more flexible & robust. Also see [get.acs](#) which uses this.

zipfile	<i>Get name(s) of zip file(s) for ACS 5-year summary file data</i>
---------	--

Description

Returns name(s) of zip file(s) based on state(s), a sequence file number, a prefix, and end year.

Usage

```
zipfile(mystates, seqfilenum, zipfile.prefix, end.year = "2017")
```

Arguments

mystates	Required vector of 2-character state abbreviation(s)
seqfilenum	Required single sequence file number used by ACS 5-year summary file
zipfile.prefix	Optional character element, defaults to value looked up based on end.year.
end.year	Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, like '2018'

Value

Returns character element that is name of zip file such as "20115dc0113000.zip"

See Also

[get.acs](#)

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